1	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
2	FOR
3	Senate Bill No. 191
4	(By Senators Kessler (Mr. President), Stollings, Unger, Laird and
5	Jenkins)
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8	[Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary;
9	reported February 2, 2012.]
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12	A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by
13	adding thereto a new article, designated §53-8-1, §53-8-2,
14	§53-8-3, §53-8-4, §53-8-5, §53-8-6, §53-8-7, §53-8-8, §53-8-9,
15	§53-8-10, §53-8-11, §53-8-12, §53-8-13, §53-8-14, §53-8-15,
16	\$53-8-16, $$53-8-17$ and $$53-8-18$, all relating to personal
17	safety orders; confidentiality of proceedings; who may file a
18	petition; contents of petition; temporary hearing and relief
19	available; contents of temporary order; respondent's
20	opportunity to be heard; notice to respondent; final hearing
21	and forms of relief; modification and rescission; appeals;
22	criminal penalties; priority of petitions; fees and costs;
23	service by law enforcement; rules and forms; limitation on use
24	of information; immunity from liability; and the sealing of

- 1 records.
- 2 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
- 3 That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended
- 4 by adding thereto a new article, designated §53-8-1, §53-8-2, §53-
- 5 8-3, \$53-8-4, \$53-8-5, \$53-8-6, \$53-8-7, \$53-8-8, \$53-8-9, \$53-8-
- 6 10, \$53-8-11, \$53-8-12, \$53-8-13, \$53-8-14, \$53-8-15, \$53-8-16,
- 7 \$53-8-17 and \$53-8-18, all to read as follows:
- 8 ARTICLE 8. PERSONAL SAFETY ORDERS.
- 9 §53-8-1. Definitions.
- 10 In this article the following words have the meanings 11 indicated.
- 12 (1) Final personal safety order. -- "Final personal safety
- 13 order" means a personal safety order issued by a magistrate under
- 14 section seven of this article.
- 15 (2) Incapacitated adult. -- "Incapacitated adult" means any
- 16 person who by reason of physical, mental or other infirmity is
- 17 unable to physically carry on the daily activities of life
- 18 necessary to sustaining life and reasonable health.
- 19 (3) Law-enforcement officer. -- "Law-enforcement officer"
- 20 means any duly authorized member of a law-enforcement agency who is
- 21 authorized to maintain public personal safety and order, prevent
- 22 and detect crime, make arrests and enforce the laws of the state or
- 23 any county or municipality thereof, other than parking ordinances.
- 24 (4) Petitioner. -- "Petitioner" means an individual who files

- 1 a petition under section four of this article.
- 2 (5) Place of employment. -- "Place of employment" includes the
- 3 grounds, parking areas, outbuildings and common or public areas in
- 4 or surrounding the place of employment.
- 5 (6) Residence. -- "Residence" includes the yard, grounds,
- 6 outbuildings and common or public areas in or surrounding the
- 7 residence.
- 8 (7) Respondent. -- "Respondent" means an individual alleged in
- 9 a petition to have committed an act specified in subsection (a),
- 10 section four of this article against a petitioner.
- 11 (8) School. -- "School" means an educational facility
- 12 comprised of one or more buildings, including school grounds, a
- 13 school bus or any school-sponsored function or extracurricular
- 14 activities. For the purpose of this subdivision, "school grounds"
- 15 includes the land on which a school is built together with such
- 16 other land used by students for play, recreation or athletic events
- 17 while attending school. "Extracurricular activities" means
- 18 voluntary activities sponsored by a school, a county board or an
- 19 organization sanctioned by a county board or the State Board of
- 20 Education and include, but are not limited to, preparation for and
- 21 involvement in public performances, contests, athletic
- 22 competitions, demonstrations, displays, organizations and clubs.
- 23 (9) Sexual offense. -- "Sexual offense" means the commission
- 24 of any of the following sections:

- 1 (A) Section nine, article eight, chapter sixty-one of this 2 code;
- 3 (B) Section twelve, article eight, chapter sixty-one of this 4 code;
- 5 (C) Section two, article eight-a, chapter sixty-one of this 6 code;
- 7 (D) Section four, article eight-a, chapter sixty-one of this 8 code;
- 9 (E) Section five, article eight-a, chapter sixty-one of this 10 code;
- 11 (F) Section three, article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of this 12 code;
- 13 (G) Section four, article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of this 14 code;
- 15 (H) Section five, article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of this 16 code;
- 17 (I) Section seven, article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of this 18 code;
- 19 (J) Section eight, article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of this 20 code;
- 21 (K) Section nine, article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of this 22 code;
- 23 (L) Section two, article eight-c, chapter sixty-one of this 24 code;

- 1 (M) Section three, article eight-c, chapter sixty-one of this 2 code;
- 3 (N) Section three-a, article eight-d, chapter sixty-one of 4 this code;
- 5 (0) Section five, article eight-d, chapter sixty-one of this 6 code; and
- 7 (P) Section six, article eight-d, chapter sixty-one of this 8 code.
- 9 (10) Temporary personal safety order. "Temporary personal 10 safety order" means a personal safety order issued by a magistrate 11 under section five of this article.

12 §53-8-2. Confidentially of proceedings.

(a) General Provisions. -- All orders, findings, pleadings, 14 recordings, exhibits, transcripts or other documents contained in 15 a court file are confidential and are not available for public inspection: Provided, That unless the file is sealed pursuant to 17 section eighteen of this article or access is otherwise prohibited 18 by order, any document in the file shall be available for 19 inspection and copying by the parties, attorneys of record, 20 guardians ad litem, designees authorized by a party in writing and 21 law enforcement. A magistrate or circuit judge may open and inspect 22 the entire contents of the court file in any case pending before 23 the magistrate's or judge's court. When sensitive information has 24 been disclosed in a hearing, pleading or document filing, the court

- 1 may order such information sealed in the court file. Sealed court 2 files shall be opened only pursuant to section eighteen of this 3 article.
- 4 (b) (1) Proceedings are not open to the public. -- Hearings 5 conducted pursuant to this article are closed to the general public 6 except that persons whom the court determines have a legitimate 7 interest in the proceedings may attend.
- 8 (2) A person accompanying the petitioner may not be excluded 9 from being present if his or her presence is desired by the person 10 seeking a petition unless the person's behavior is disruptive to 11 the proceeding.
- (c) Orders permitting examination or copying of file contents.

 13 -- Upon written motion, for good cause shown, the court may enter
 14 an order permitting a person who is not permitted access to a court
 15 file under subsection (a) to examine and/or copy documents in a
 16 file. Such orders shall set forth specific findings which
 17 demonstrate why the interests of justice necessitate the
 18 examination, copying, or both, and shall specify the particular
 19 documents to be examined and/or copied and the arrangements under
 20 which such examination, copying, or both, may take place.
- 21 (d) Obtaining confidential records. -- Unless both the 22 petitioner and the respondent waive confidentiality in writing, 23 records contained in the court file may not be obtained by subpoena 24 but only by court order and upon full compliance with statutory and

- 1 case law requirements.
- 2 §53-8-3. Who may file; exclusivity; applicability of article.
- 3 (a) Who may file a petition. -- A petition for relief under 4 this article may be filed by:
- 5 (1) A person seeking relief under this article for herself or 6 himself; or
- 7 (2) A parent, guardian or custodian on the behalf of a minor 8 child or an incapacitated adult.
- 9 (b) Other remedies generally not precluded. -- By proceeding 10 under this article, a petitioner is not limited to or precluded 11 from pursuing any other legal remedy.
- 12 (c) Circumstances where article is inapplicable. -- This
 13 article does not apply to a petitioner who is a person eligible for
 14 relief under article twenty-seven, chapter forty-eight of this
 15 code.
- (d) Right to file. -- No person may be refused the right to file a petition under the provisions of this article. No person may be denied relief under the provisions of this article if she or he presents facts sufficient under the provisions of this article for the relief sought.

21 §53-8-4. Petition seeking relief.

22 (a) Underlying acts. -- A petitioner may seek relief under 23 this article by filing with a magistrate court a petition that 24 alleges the commission of any of the following acts against the

- 1 petitioner by the respondent:
- 2 (1) A willful act that causes serious bodily injury; or
- 3 a willful act that places the petitioner in reasonable apprehension
- 4 of imminent serious bodily injury as serious bodily injury is
- 5 defined in section one, article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of this
- 6 code;
- 7 (2) A sexual offense or attempted sexual offense as defined in
- 8 section one of this article;
- 9 (3) Kidnaping in violation of section fourteen-a, article two,
- 10 chapter sixty-one of this code of this code;
- 11 (4) Unlawful restraint in violation of section fourteen-q,
- 12 article two, chapter sixty-one of this code;
- 13 (5) A violation of section nine-a, article two, chapter sixty-
- 14 one of this code; or
- 15 (6) Felony destruction of property as defined by the
- 16 provisions of section thirty, article three, chapter sixty-one of
- 17 this code.
- 18 (b) *Contents.* --
- 19 The petition shall:
- 20 (A) Be verified and provide notice to the petitioner that an
- 21 individual who knowingly provides false information in the petition
- 22 is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to the
- 23 penalties specified in subsection (e) of this section;
- 24 (B) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this

- 1 section, contain the address of the petitioner; and
- 2 (C) Include all information known to the petitioner of:
- 3 (I) The nature and extent of the act specified in subsection
- 4 (a) of this section for which the relief is being sought, including
- 5 information known to the petitioner concerning previous harm or
- 6 injury resulting from an act specified in subsection (a) of this
- 7 section by the respondent;
- 8 (ii) Each previous and pending action between the parties in 9 any court; and
- 10 (iii) The whereabouts of the respondent.
- 11 (c) Address may be stricken. -- If, in a proceeding under this
- 12 article, a petitioner alleges, and the court finds, that the
- 13 disclosure of the address of the petitioner would risk further harm
- 14 to the petitioner or a member of the petitioner's household, that
- 15 address may be stricken from the petition and omitted from all
- 16 other documents filed with, or transferred to, a court.
- 17 (d) Providing false information. -- An individual who
- 18 knowingly provides false information in a petition filed under this
- 19 section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof,
- 20 shall be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$1,000 or confined
- 21 in jail not more than ninety days, or both.
- 22 (e) Withdrawal or dismissal of a petition prior to
- 23 adjudication operates as a dismissal without prejudice. -- No
- 24 action for a personal safety order may be dismissed because the

- 1 respondent is being prosecuted for a crime against the petitioner.
- 2 For any action commenced under this article, dismissal of a case or
- 3 a finding of not guilty, does not require dismissal of the action
- 4 for a civil protection order.

5 §53-8-5. Temporary personal safety orders.

- 6 (a) Authorized; forms of relief available. --
- 7 (1) If after a hearing on a petition, whether ex parte or
- 8 otherwise, a magistrate finds that there is reasonable cause to
- 9 believe that the respondent has committed an act specified in
- 10 subsection (a), section four of this article, against the
- 11 petitioner, the magistrate shall issue a temporary personal safety
- 12 order to protect the petitioner.
- 13 (2) The temporary personal safety order may include any or all
- 14 of the following relief:
- 15 (A) Order the respondent to refrain from committing or
- 16 threatening to commit an act specified in subsection (a), section
- 17 four of this article against the petitioner;
- 18 (B) Order the respondent to refrain from contacting,
- 19 attempting to contact or harassing the petitioner directly,
- 20 indirectly or through third parties regardless of whether those
- 21 third parties know of the order;
- (C) Order the respondent to refrain from entering the
- 23 residence of the petitioner;
- 24 (D) Order the respondent to remain away from the place of

- 1 employment, school or residence of the petitioner;
- 2 (E) Order the respondent not to visit, assault, molest or
- 3 otherwise interfere with the petitioner and, if the petitioner is
- 4 a child, the petitioner's siblings and minors residing in the
- 5 household of the petitioner;
- 6 (F) The court, in its discretion, may prohibit a respondent
- 7 from possessing a firearm as defined in section seven, article
- 8 seven, chapter sixty-one of this code if:
- 9 (I) A weapon was used or threatened to be used in the
- 10 commission of the offense predicating the petitioning for the
- 11 personal safety order;
- 12 (ii) The respondent has violated any prior order as specified
- 13 under this article; or
- 14 (iii) The respondent has been convicted of an offense
- 15 involving the use of a firearm;
- 16 (G) Direct the respondent to participate in professionally
- 17 supervised counseling or, if the parties are amenable, mediation;
- 18 and
- 19 (H) Order either party to pay filing fees and costs of a
- 20 proceeding pursuant to section thirteen of this article.
- 21 (3) If the magistrate issues an order under this section, the
- 22 order shall contain only the relief necessary to protect the
- 23 petitioner.
- 24 (b) Immediate. -- The temporary personal safety order shall be

- 1 immediately served on the respondent by law enforcement, or at the
- 2 option of the petitioner, pursuant to rules promulgated pursuant to
- 3 section fifteen of this article.
- 4 (c) Length of effectiveness. --
- 5 (1) The temporary personal safety order shall be effective for 6 not more than thirty days after service of the order.
- 7 (2) The magistrate may extend the temporary personal safety
- $\boldsymbol{8}$ order as needed but not to exceed an additional thirty days and to
- 9 effectuate service of the order where necessary to provide
- 10 protection or for other good cause.
- 11 (d) Final personal safety order hearing. -- The magistrate may
- 12 proceed with a final personal safety order hearing instead of a
- 13 temporary personal safety order hearing if:
- 14 (1) (A) The respondent appears at the hearing; or
- 15 (B) The court otherwise has personal jurisdiction over the 16 respondent; and
- 17 (2) The petitioner and the respondent expressly consent to 18 waive the temporary personal safety order hearing.
- 19 §53-8-6. Respondent's opportunity to be heard; notice to 20 respondent.
- 21 (a) Respondent's opportunity to be heard. -- A respondent
- 22 shall have an opportunity to be heard on the question of whether
- 23 the magistrate should issue a final personal safety order subject
- 24 to the provisions of this section.

- 1 (b) Personal safety order hearing. -- Date and time; notice.
- 2 (1) (A) The temporary personal safety order shall state the 3 date and time of the final personal safety order hearing.
- 4 (B) Unless continued for good cause, the final personal safety 5 order hearing shall be held no later than thirty days after the 6 temporary personal safety order is served on the respondent.
- 7 (2) The temporary personal safety order shall include notice 8 to the respondent:
- 9 (A) In at least ten-point bold type, that if the respondent 10 fails to appear at the final personal safety order hearing, the 11 respondent may be served by first-class mail at the respondent's 12 last known address with the final personal safety order and all 13 other notices concerning the final personal safety order;
- 14 (B) Specifying all the possible forms of relief under 15 subsection (d) of section seven, that the final personal safety 16 order may contain;
- 17 (C) That the final personal safety order shall be effective 18 for the period stated in the order, not to exceed two years; and
- 19 (D) In at least ten-point bold type, that the respondent must 20 notify the court in writing of any change of address.
- 21 §53-8-7. Personal safety hearing; forms of relief.
- 22 (a) Final personal safety order hearing. --
- 23 Proceeding; issuance of order. -- If the respondent appears 24 for the final personal safety order hearing, has been served with

- 1 a temporary personal safety order or the respondent waives personal
- 2 service, the magistrate:
- 3 (1) May proceed with the final personal safety order hearing;
 4 and
- 5 (2) May issue a final personal safety order to protect the 6 petitioner if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence 7 that:
- 8 (A) (I) The respondent has committed an act specified in 9 subsection (a), section four of this article against the 10 petitioner; and
- 11 (ii) The petitioner has a reasonable apprehension of continued 12 unwanted or unwelcome contacts by the respondent; or
- 13 (B) The respondent consents to the entry of a personal safety 14 order.
- 15 (b) A final personal safety order may be issued only to an 16 individual who has filed a petition or on whose behalf a petition 17 was filed under section three of this article.
- 18 (c) In cases where both parties file a petition under section 19 three of this article, the court may issue mutual personal safety 20 orders if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that:
- 21 (1) Each party has committed an act specified in subsection
- 22 (a), section four of this article against the other party; and
- 23 (2) Each party has a reasonable apprehension of continued 24 unwanted or unwelcome contacts by the other party.

- 1 (d) Personal safety order Forms of relief. --
- 2 (1) The final personal safety order may include any or all of 3 the following relief:
- 4 (A) Order the respondent to refrain from committing or
- 5 threatening to commit an act specified in subsection (a), section
- 6 four of this article against the petitioner;
- 7 (B) Order the respondent to refrain from contacting,
- 8 attempting to contact or harassing the petitioner directly,
- 9 indirectly, or through third parties regardless of whether those
- 10 third parties know of the order;
- 11 (C) Order the respondent to refrain from entering the
- 12 residence of the petitioner;
- 13 (D) Order the respondent to remain away from the place of
- 14 employment, school or residence of the petitioner;
- 15 (E) Order the respondent not to visit, assault, molest or
- 16 otherwise interfere with the petitioner and, if the petitioner is
- 17 a child, the petitioner's siblings and minors residing in the
- 18 household of the petitioner.
- (F) The court, in its discretion, may prohibit a respondent
- 20 from possessing a firearm as defined in section seven, article
- 21 seven, chapter sixty-one of this code if:
- (i) A weapon was used or threatened to be used in the
- 23 commission of the offense predicating the petitioning for the
- 24 personal safety order;

- 1 (ii) The respondent has violated any prior order as specified 2 under this article; or
- 3 (iii) The respondent has been convicted of an offense involving 4 the use of a firearm.
- 5 (G) Direct the respondent to participate in professionally 6 supervised counseling or, if the parties are amenable, mediation; 7 and
- 8 (H) Order either party to pay filing fees and costs of a 9 proceeding pursuant to section thirteen of this article.
- 10 (2) If the magistrate issues an order under this section, the 11 order shall contain only the relief necessary to protect the 12 petitioner.
- 13 (e) Personal safety order Service. --
- (1) A copy of the final personal safety order shall be served on the petitioner, the respondent, the appropriate law-enforcement agency and any other person the court determines is appropriate, including a county board of education, in open court or, if the person is not present at the final personal safety order hearing, by first-class mail to the person's last known address or by other means in the discretion of the court.
- (2) (A) A copy of the final personal safety order served on the respondent in accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection or the hearing the announcement of the court's ruling in court, constitutes actual notice to the respondent of the contents

- 1 of the final personal safety order.
- 2 (B) Service is complete upon mailing.
- 3 (f) Length of effectiveness. -- All relief granted in a final
- 4 personal safety order shall be effective for the period stated in
- 5 the order, not to exceed two years.

6 §53-8-8. Modification and rescission.

- 7 (a) A personal safety order may be modified or rescinded 8 during the term of the personal safety order after:
- 9 (1) Giving notice to the petitioner and the respondent; and
- 10 (2) A hearing.
- 11 (b) Modification may include extending the term of the
- 12 personal safety order if the order was previously issued for a term
- 13 of less than the two-year maximum term set forth in section six of
- 14 this article.

15 **§53-8-9**. Appeals.

- 16 (a) If a magistrate grants or denies relief under a petition
- 17 filed under this article, a respondent or a petitioner may appeal
- 18 to the circuit court for the county where the magistrate court is
- 19 located.
- 20 (b) An appeal taken under this section shall be heard de novo
- 21 in the circuit court.
- (c) (1) If an appeal is filed under this section, the
- 23 magistrate court judgment shall remain in effect until superseded
- 24 by a judgment of the circuit court; and

1 (2) Unless the circuit court orders otherwise, modification or 2 enforcement of the magistrate court order shall be by the 3 magistrate court.

4 §53-8-10. Statement concerning violations.

A temporary personal safety order and final personal safety 6 order issued under this article shall state that a violation of the 7 order may result in:

- 8 (1) Criminal prosecution; and
- 9 (2) Incarceration, fine or both.

10 **§53-8-11**. **Penalties**.

- 11 (a) Fines or incarceration. -- An individual who fails to
 12 comply with the relief granted in a temporary personal safety order
 13 or a final personal safety order entered pursuant to this article
 14 is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall:
- 15 (1) For a first offense, be fined not more than \$1,000 or 16 confined in jail not more than ninety days, or both; and
- 17 (2) For a second or subsequent offense, be fined not more than 18 \$2,500 or confined in jail not more than one year, or both.
- 19 (b) Arrest. -- A law-enforcement officer shall arrest with or 20 without a warrant and take into custody an individual who the 21 officer has probable cause to believe is in violation of a 22 temporary or final personal safety order in effect at the time of 23 the violation.

24 §53-8-12. Priority of petitions.

- 1 Any petition filed in magistrate court under the provisions of
- 2 this article shall be given priority over any other civil action
- 3 before the court, except actions pursuant to article twenty-seven,
- 4 chapter forty-eight of this code and those in which trial is in
- 5 progress, and shall be docketed immediately upon filing.

6 §53-8-13. Fees and costs.

- 7 (a) Charges for fees and costs postponed. -- No fees may be
- 8 charged for the filing of petitions or other papers, service of
- 9 petitions or orders, copies of orders or other costs for services
- 10 provided by, or associated with, any proceedings under this article
- 11 until the matter is brought before the court for final resolution.
- 12 (b) Assessment of court costs and fees when temporary order is
- 13 denied. -- If the petition is denied, court costs and fees shall be
- 14 assessed by the magistrate against the petitioner at the conclusion
- 15 of the temporary hearing, unless a fee waiver affidavit reflecting
- 16 inability to pay has been filed or prohibited by federal law.
- 17 (c) Costs and fees may not be assessed against a prevailing 18 party.
- 19 (d) Assessment of court costs and fees when personal safety
- 20 order is granted. -- Except as in subsection (c), court costs and
- 21 fees shall be assessed by the court at the conclusion of a
- 22 proceeding, unless a fee waiver affidavit reflecting inability to
- 23 pay has been filed.
- 24 (e) Assessment of court costs and fees when petitioner moves

- 1 to terminate order. -- No court costs or fees shall be assessed 2 against a petitioner who moves to terminate an order, whether the 3 court grants or denies the motion.
- 4 (f) A person seeking waiver of fees, costs or security
 5 pursuant to section one, article two, chapter fifty-nine of this
 6 code shall execute before the clerk where the matter is pending a
 7 fee waiver affidavit which shall be kept confidential. An
 8 additional fee waiver affidavit shall be filed whenever the
 9 financial condition of the person no longer conforms to the
 10 financial condition established by the Supreme Court of Appeals for
 11 determining inability to pay fees or whenever an order has been
 12 entered directing the filing of a new affidavit.

13 §53-8-14. Service by law enforcement.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, all law-enforcement officers are hereby authorized and required to serve all pleadings and orders filed or entered pursuant to this article on Sundays and legal holidays. No law-enforcement officer may refuse to serve any pleadings or orders entered pursuant to this article. Law enforcement shall attempt to serve all orders without delay: *Provided*, That service of process shall be attempted within seventy-two hours of law enforcement's receipt of the order. If service is not made, law enforcement shall continue to attempt service on the respondent until proper service is made.

1 \$53-8-15. Rules and forms.

- 2 (a) Authorized. -- The Supreme Court of Appeals may adopt 3 rules and forms to implement the provisions of this article.
- 4 (b) Petition form. --
- 5 (1) The Supreme Court of Appeals is requested to adopt a form 6 for a petition under this article.
- 7 (2) A petition form shall contain notice to a petitioner that 8 an individual who knowingly provides false information in a 9 petition filed under this subtitle is guilty of a misdemeanor and, 10 on conviction, is subject to the penalties specified in section 11 four of this article.

12 §53-8-16. Limitation on use of information.

Nothing in this article authorizes the inclusion of information contained in petition, pleadings or orders provided for by this article to be submitted to any local, state, interstate, national or international systems of criminal identification pursuant to section twenty-four, article two, chapter fifteen of this code. Nothing in this section prohibits the West Virginia State Police from processing information through its criminal identification bureau with respect to any actual charge or conviction of a crime.

22 §53-8-17. Immunity from liability.

A person who seeks relief pursuant to the article who is 24 acting in good faith is immune from criminal and civil liability

- 1 for those actions.
- 2 §53-8-18. Sealing of records.
- 3 (a) Definitions. --
- 4 (1) In this section the following words have the meanings 5 indicated.
- 6 (2) "Court record" means an official record of a court about
- 7 a proceeding that the clerk of a court or other court personnel
- 8 keeps. "Court record" includes an index, a docket entry, a petition
- 9 or other pleading, a memorandum, a transcription of proceedings, an
- 10 electronic recording, an order and a judgment.
- 11 (3) "Seal" means to remove information from public inspection
- 12 in accordance with this section.
- 13 (4) "Sealing" means:
- 14 (A) With respect to a record kept in a courthouse, removing to
- 15 a separate secure area to which persons who do not have a
- 16 legitimate reason for access are denied access;
- 17 (B) With respect to electronic information about a proceeding
- 18 on the website maintained by the magistrate court, circuit court or
- 19 the Supreme Court of Appeals, removing the information from the
- 20 public website; and
- 21 (C) With respect to a record maintained by any law-enforcement
- 22 agency, by removing to a separate secure area to which persons who
- 23 do not have a legitimate reason for access are denied access.
- 24 (b) Written request. -- Either party to a petition filed

- 1 pursuant to this article may file a written request with the 2 circuit to seal all court records relating to the proceeding.
- 3 (c) *Timing*. -- A request for sealing under this section may 4 not be filed within two years after the entry of a final order, or 5 the denial or dismissal of the petition.
- 6 (d) Notice, hearing and findings. --
- 7 (1) On the filing of a request for sealing under this section, 8 the circuit court shall schedule a hearing on the request.
- 9 (2) The court shall give notice of the hearing to the parties.
- 10 (3) After the hearing, the court shall order the sealing of 11 all court records relating to the proceeding if the court finds:
- (A) Good cause to grant the request. In determining whether
 there is good cause to grant the request to seal court records, the
 court shall balance the privacy and potential danger of adverse
 consequences to the parties against the potential risk of future
 harm and danger to the petitioner and the community; and
- 17 (B) That none of the following are pending at the time of the 18 hearing:
- 19 (I) A temporary personal safety order or protective order 20 issued against the respondent in a proceeding between the 21 petitioner and the respondent; or
- (ii) A criminal charge against the respondent arising from an 23 alleged act described in subsection (a) section four of this 24 article in which the petitioner is the victim.

- 1 (e) Access to a sealed record. --
- 2 (1) This section does not preclude the following persons from 3 accessing a sealed record for a legitimate reason:
- 4 (A) A law-enforcement officer;
- 5 (B) An attorney who represents or has represented the 6 petitioner or the respondent in a proceeding;
- 7 (C) A prosecuting attorney; or
- 8 (D) An employee of the Department of Health and Human 9 Resources.
- 10 (2) (A) A person not listed in subdivision (1) of this 11 subsection may subpoen or file a motion for access to a record 12 sealed under this section.
- 13 (B) If the circuit court finds that the person has a 14 legitimate reason for access, the court may grant the person access 15 to the sealed record under the terms and conditions that the court 16 determines.
- (C) In ruling on a motion under this subdivision, the court shall balance the person's need for access to the record with the respondent's right to privacy and the potential harm of unwarranted adverse consequences to the respondent that the disclosure may create.
- (f) Compliance with order. -- Within sixty days after entry of 23 an order under subdivision (3), subsection (d) of this section, 24 each custodian of court records that are subject to the order of

- 1 sealing shall advise in writing the court and the parties of
- 2 compliance with the order.